

CITIZENSHIP QUESTIONS

100 Questions Commonly Asked on the U.S. Citizenship Test

100 Nqai Lug-nug Kws Pheej Muaj Nug Rua Kev Twv Moog Ua Pejxeem Asmesliskas

English and Mong (Aaskiv hab Moob)

Translated by: Chimeng Yang (Ntxhais lug ntawm: Tsimmeej Yaaj)

ENGLISH	MONG
1. What are the colors of our flag? Red, White, and Blue	1. Peb tug chij muaj xim dlaabtsi? Lab, Dlawb hab Xav
2. How many stars are there in our flag? 50	2. Muaj pes tsawg lub nub qub nyob rua ntawm tug chij? 50
3. What color are the stars on our flag? White	3. Cov nub qub nyob rua ntawm tug chij yog xim dlaabtsi? Dlawb
4. What do the stars on the flag mean? One for each state in the Union	4. Cov nub qub nyob rua ntawm tug chij txhais tau dlaabtsi? Ib lub nub qub sawv-cev rua ib lub xeev huv pawg xeev.
5. How many stripes are there in the flag? 13	5. Muaj pes tsawg txuj kaab txaij nyob rua ntawm tug chij? 13
6. What color are the stripes? Red and White	6. Cov kaab txaij ntawm tug chij yog xim dlaabtsi? Lab hab Dlawb
7. What do the stripes on the flag mean? They represent the original 13 States	7. Cov kaab txaij ntawm tug chij txhais tau dlaabtsi? Puab sawv-cev rua ntawm thawj 13 lub xeev
8. How many States are there in the Union? 50	8. Muaj pes tsawg lub xeev nyob rua huv tebchaws Asmesliskas? 50
9. What is the 4th of July? Independence Day	9. Nub tim 4 lub 7 hli ntuj yog nub dlaabtsi? Nub tau txais kev ywj-pheej
10. What is the date of Independence Day? July 4th	10. Nub twg yog nub tau txais kev ywj-pheej? Nub tim 4 lub 7 hli ntuj
11. Independence from whom? England	11. Tau txais kev ywj-pheej lug ntawm leej twg? Aaskiv (England)
12. What country did we fight during the Revolutionary War? England	12. Lub tebchaws twg peb tau sib tua nrug thaum tsuv-rog ntseev kev ywj-pheej? Tebchaws Aaskiv (England)
13. Who was the first President of the United States? George Washington	13. Leej twg yog thawj thawj tug thawj tsaav-xwm rua lub tebchaws Asmesliskas? George Washington (Ntsuaj Vuav-sees-taas)
14. Who is the President of the United States today? George W. Bush	14. Leej twg yog tug thawj tsaav-xwm rua tebchaws Asmesliskas naj nub nuav? George W. Bush (Ntsuaj Npuv-s)
15. Who is the Vice-President of the United States today? Dick Cheney	15. Leej twg yog tug lwm-thawj rua tebchaws Asmesliskas naj nub nuav? Dick Cheney (Div Tsheeb-nim)
16. Who elects the President of the United States? The Electoral College	16. Leej twg yog cov kws xaiv tsaav-xwm ntawm lub tebchaws Asmesliskas? Pawg tuabneeg hu ua Electoral College (Is-lev-thos-laue Khos-lej)
17. Who becomes President of the United States if the President should die? Vice President	17. Leej twg yuav lug ua tug thawj tsaav-xwm kaav lub tebchaws Asmesliskas yog has tas tug thawj tsaav-xwm taag sim-neej lawm? Tug lwm-thawj
18. For how long do we elect the President? Four years	18. Peb xaiv tug thawj tsaav-xwm lug ua dlej-num pes tsawg xyoo? 4 xyoos
19. What is the Constitution?	19. Constitution (Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm) yog dlaabtsi?

The Supreme law of the land	Tsaab kev cai (lij-choj) luj nyob tebchaws nuav.
20. Can the Constitution be changed? Yes	20. Constitution (Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm) hloov puas tau? Hloov tau
21. What do we call a change to the Constitution? An Amendment	21. Peb hu ib qho kev hloov rua ntawm Constitution (Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm) le caag? Amendment (As-meeb-meem)
22. How many changes or amendments are there to the Constitution? 27 (amendments)	22. Muaj pes tsawg qhov kev hloov los yog kev ntxiv rua ntawm tsaab Constitution (Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm) lawm? 27 (amendments)
23. How many branches are there in our government? 3	23. Muaj pes-tsawg pawg tsaav-xwm nyob rua huv tsoomfww? 3 pawg.
24. What are the three branches of our government? Executive, Legislative, and Judiciary	24. Peb pawg tsaav-xwm ntawm tsoomfww hu le caag? Pawg tswjfw, Pawg sau cai, hab Pawg txhais cai
25. What is the legislative branch of our government? Congress	25. Pawg sau cai nyob rua ntawm tsoomfww hu le caag? Pawg sau cai (Congress)
26. Who makes the laws in the United States? Congress	26. Leejtwg sau cov cai nyob tebchaws Asmesliskas? Pawg sau cai (Congress)
27. What is the Congress? The Senate and the House of Representatives	27. Pawg sau cai (Congress) yog dlaabtsi? Yog cov sawv-cev pejxeem them sab (senate) hab cov sawv-cev pejxeem them qeg (House of Representatives)
28. What are the duties of Congress? To make laws	28. Pawg sau cai teg dlejnum yog dlaabtsi? Sau kev-cai lij-choj
29. Who elects the Congress? The people	29. Leej twg xaiv tsaab Pawg sau cai (Congress)? Pejxeem fuab-fwm
30. How many Senators are there in Congress? 100	30. Muaj pes tsawg tug thawj sawv-cev pejxeem them sab huv Pawg sau cai (Congress)? 100
31. Can you name the two Senators from your State? (Use State information)	31. Koj sim qha seb ob tug thawj sawv-cev pejxeem them sab huv koj lub xeev hu le caag? (Siv tej ntsab-lug huv koj lub xeev lug teb)
32. For how long do we elect each Senator? 6 years	32. Tug thawj sawv-cev pejxeem them sab yog xaiv tsaab lug ua dlejnum tsawg xyoo? 6 xyoo
33. How many Representatives are there in Congress? 435	33. Muaj pes tsawg tug sawv-cev pejxeem them qeg nyob huv Pawg sau cai (Congress)? 435
34. For how long do we elect the Representatives? 2 years	34. Tug thawj sawv-cev pejxeem them qeg yog xaiv tsaab lug ua dlejnum tsawg xyoo? 2 xyoos
35. What is the Executive branch of our government? The President, Vice President, Cabinet, and Departments under the Cabinet members	35. Pawg thawj tswj-fwm nyob rua huv tsoomfww yog leej twg? Tug thawj tsaav-xwm, lwm-thawj, cov tsaav-xwm hab cov paabpawg tuabneeg ua dlejnum huv qaab cov tsaav-xwm
36. What is the Judiciary branch of our government? The Supreme Court	36. Pawg txhais cai nyob rua ntawm tsoomfww hu le caag? Yog lub rooj tu ntug luj (The Supreme Court : Ntawm Xabplees Khuaj)
37. What are the duties of the Supreme Court? To interpret laws	37. Lub rooj tu ntug luj teg dlejnum yog dlaabtsi? Yog lug txhais kev-cai lij-choj
38. What is the Supreme Law of the United States? The Constitution	38. Tsaab cai luj tshaaj nyob tebchaws nuav hu le caag? Constitution (Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm)
39. What is the Bill of Rights?	39. Tsaab Cai Kws Yog (Bill of Rights) yog dlaabtsi?

The first 10 amendments of the Constitution	Yog thawj thawj 10 nqai cai nyob huv Constitution (Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm)
40. What is the Capitol of your state? (Use your local information here)	40. Lub tuam ceeb nroog ntawm lub xeev koj nyob hu le caag ? (Siv tej ntsab lug huv lub nroog koj nyob lug teb)
41. Who is the current Governor of your state? (Use your local information here)	41. Taam-sim nuav, leej twg yog tug thawj tswj xeev rua lub xeev koj nyob? (Qha tug thawj tswj xeev lub npe)
42. Who becomes President of the United States if the President and the Vice-President should die? Speaker of the House of Representatives	42. Leej twg yuav sawv lug ua tug thawj tsaav-xwm yog tas tug thawj tsaav-xwm hab tug lwm thawj tuag taag lawm? Yog tug thawj tswj ntawm pawg sawv-cev pejxeem them qeg.
43. Who is the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court? William Rhenquist	43. Leej twg yog tug thawj tswj ntawm lub rooj tu ntug luj? William Rhenquist
44. Can you name the thirteen original States? Connecticut, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Rhode Island, and Maryland	44. Koj has seb 13 lub xeev thaum hauv-paug yog lub twg hab lub twg? Connecticut, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Rhode Island, hab Maryland
45. Who said, "Give me liberty or give me death." Patrick Henry	45. Leej twg has tas "muab kev thaaj-yeeb los yog muab kev tuag rua kuv"? Patrick Henry
46. Which countries were our enemies during World War II? Germany, Italy, and Japan	46. Cov tebhaws twg yog tebhaws yeebncuab rua Asmesliskas thaum tsuv-rog nplaj-teb zag 2? Germany (<i>Ntsaws-mes-nis</i>), Italy (<i>Is-tas-lis</i>), Japan (<i>Ntsas-paas.</i>)
47. What are the 49th and 50th states of the Union? Hawaii and Alaska	47. Lub xeev thib 49 hab thib 50 nyob rua tebhaws Asmesliskas nuav hu le caag? Hawaii (<i>has-vais-is</i>) hab Alaska (<i>as-lav-xam-kas</i>)
48. How many terms can the President serve? 2	48. Tug thawj tsaav-xwm muaj peev-xwm sib tw lug ua teg dlejnum thawj tsaav-xwm pes tsawg zag? 2 zag
49. Who was Martin Luther King, Jr.? A civil rights leader	49. Martin Luther King Jr. (Mas-tees-luv-tawm-khees) yog leejtwg? Yog ib tug thawj sawv lug nrhav kev vaaj-fuam sib-luag
50. Who is the head of your local government? (Use your local information here)	50. Leej twg yog tug thawj tswj-fwm ntawm lub zog koj nyob? (Qha tug thawj tswj kaav lub nroog koj nyob lub npe)
51. According to the Constitution, a person must meet certain requirements in order to be eligible to become President. Name one of these requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Must be a natural born citizen of the United States • Must be at least 35 years old by the time he/she will serve • Must have lived in the United States for at least 14 years 	51. Raws le tsaab cai luj (Constitution - Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm), ib tug tuabneeg yuav tsum muaj qee yaam kws tsaab cai tau teem tseg nwg txhaj le tsim-nyog lug ua tau thawj tsaav-xwm tswj tebhaws. Qha ib yaam kws tsaab Constitution (Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm) tau teem tseg: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nwg yuav tsum yug nyob tebhaws Asmesliskas nuav. • Nwg yuav tsum muaj noob nyoog 35 xyoos rua lub sijhawm thaum nwg lug ua dlejnum. • Nwg yuav tsum nyob huv tebhaws Asmesliskas nuav yaam tsawg kawg nkaus le 14 lub xyoos lawm
52. Why are there 100 Senators in the Senate? Two (2) from each State	52. Yog vim le caag txhaj le muaj 100 tug thawj sawv-cev pejxeem (senators) nyob huv pawg sawv-cev pejxeem them sab? Ib lub xeev muaj ob (2) tug
53. Who selects the Supreme Court Justices? Appointed by the President	53. Leej twg xaiv cov Thawj Txav-xim lug rua huv lub Rooj Tu-ntug Luj? Taw-npe lug ntawm Thawj Tsaav-xwm kaav tebhaws

54. How many Supreme Court Justices are there? Nine (9)	54. Muaj pes tsawg tug Thawj Txav-txim nyob rua ntawm lub Rooj Tu-ntug Luj? Muaj cuaj (9) tug
55. Why did the Pilgrims come to America? For religious freedom	55. Yog vim le caag cov tuabneeg tawv dlawb (Pilgrims) kws muaj kev ntseeg - kev cai dlaab qhuas txhaj tuaj rua tebchaws Asmesliskas? Puab xaav tau kev ywj-sab rua kev ntseeg - kev cai dlaab qhuas
56. What is the head executive of a State government called? Governor	56. Tug thawj tswj ntawm ib lub xeev hu le caag? Governor (Nkov-vaw-nawj)
57. What is the head executive of a city government called? Mayor	57. Tug thawj tswj ntawm ib lub nroog hu le caag? Mayor (Mes-yawm)
58. What holiday was celebrated for the first time by the American colonists? Thanksgiving	58. Lub nub-su twg yog lub kws cov paab-pawg neeg Asmesliskas lug ua kev zoo sab rua thawj zag? Thanksgiving (Teej-xwm-nkiv-vees)
59. Who was the main writer of the Declaration of Independence? Thomas Jefferson	59. Leej twg yog tug sau tsaab ntawv qha tawm kev ywjpheej? Thomas Jefferson (Thoos-mav-xawm Ntsev-fawm-xaam)
60. When was the Declaration of Independence adopted? July 4, 1776	60. Tsaab ntawv qha tawm kev ywjpheej raug txais yuav thaum twg? Lub 7 hli ntuj tim 4, 1776
61. What is the basic belief of the Declaration of Independence? That all men are created equal	61. Kev ntseeg lug ntawm tsaab ntawv qha tawm kev ywjpheej yog dlaabtsi? Txhua tug tuab-neeg tsim (yug) lug sib-txig sib-luag
62. What is the National Anthem of the United States? The Star Spangled Banner	62. Haiv neeg zaaj nkauj ntawm tebchaws Asmesliskas hu le caag? Star Spangled Banner (Xab-taj Xab-pee-nkuam Npee-nawm)
63. Who wrote the Star Spangled Banner? Francis Scott Key	63. Leej twg yog tug sau zaaj nkauj Star Spangled Banner (Xab-taj Xab-pee-nkuam Npee-nawm) Francis Scott Key
64. Where does freedom of speech come from? The Bill of Rights	64. Kev has lug ywj-sab lug hov twg lug? The Bill of Rights (Tsaab Kev Cai Kws Yog)
65. What is a minimum voting age in the United States? Eighteen (18)	65. Yuav tsum muaj noob-nyoog npaum le caag txhaj le pub moog tawm suab pov ntawv huv tebchaws Asmesliskas? 18 xyoo
66. Who signs bills into law? The President	66. Leej twg yog tug suam npe rua cov cai lug ua kev cai lij-choj? Tug Thawj Tsaav-xwm
67. What is the highest court in the United States? The Supreme Court	67. Lub rooj tu ntug sab tshaaj plawg huv tebchaws Asmesliskas nuav hu le caag? The Supreme Court (Ntawm Xav-plees-khuaj)
68. Who was the President during the Civil War? Abraham Lincoln	68. Leej twg yog tug thawj tsaav-xwm thaum cov tuabneeg Asmesliskas rov qaab ua tsuv-rog rua tuabneeg Asmesliskas? Abraham Lincoln (As-nplas-haam Leeb-kees)
69. What did the Emancipation Proclamation do? Freed many slaves	69. Tsaab cai has tawm rua kev tso dlim (Emancipation Proclamation) ua tau dlaabtsi? Tso cov tuabneeg ua sev-qhev dlim
70. What special group advises the President? The Cabinet	70. Paab tuabneeg tshwj-xeeb twg yog paab kws muab kev saablaaj rua tug thawj tsaav-xwm? Cov kev txwj laug huv pawg tswj-fwm
71. Which President is called the "Father of our country"? George Washington	71. Tug thawj tsaav-xwm twg yog tug kws hu has tas "leej txiv ntawm peb lub tebchaws?" George Washington (Ntsuaj Vuav-sees-taas)
72. What Immigration and Naturalization	72. Dlain ntawv twg yog dlain kws siv lug ua ntaub-ntawv

<p>Service form is used to apply to become a naturalized citizen? Form N-400, Application to File Petition for Naturalization</p>	<p>pejxeem Asmesliskas? Dlaim ntawv N-400,</p>
<p>73. Who helped the Pilgrims in America? The American-Indians (Native Americans)</p>	<p>73. Leej twg paab cov tuabneeg tawv dlawb (Pilgrims) kws tuaj rua tebchaws Asmesliskas saab nub tuaj thaum ntxuv? Cov tuab-neeg qhab kws yeej ib txwm nyob huv tebchaws Asmesliskas (American-Indians)</p>
<p>74. What is the name of the ship that brought the Pilgrims to America? The Mayflower</p>	<p>74. Lub nkoj kws thauj cov tuabneeg tawv dlawb (Pilgrims) kws tuaj rua tebchaws Asmesliskas saab nub tuaj thaum ntxuv hu le caag? Mayflower (Mes-flaus-vawj)</p>
<p>75. Name 3 rights or freedoms guaranteed by the Bill of Rights.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The right of freedom of speech, press, religion, peaceable assembly, and requesting change of government 2. The right to bear arms (the right to have weapons or own a gun, though subject to certain regulations) 3. The government may not quarter, or house, soldiers in the people's homes during peacetime without the people's consent 4. The government may not search or take a person's property without a warrant 5. A person may not be tried twice for the same crime and does not have to testify against him/herself 6. A person charged with a crime still has some rights, such as the right to a trial and to have a lawyer 7. The right to trial by jury in most cases 8. Protects people against excessive or unreasonable fines or cruel and unusual punishment 9. The people have rights other than those mentioned in the Constitution. 10. Any power not given to the federal government by the Constitution is a power of either the State or the people 	<p>75. Qha 3 txuj kev yog los yog kev ywj-sab lug ntawm tsaab Cai kws Yog (Bill of Rights).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ywj-sab rua: kev has lug, kev xuv-xwm, kev ntseeg - kev cai dlaab-qhuas, kev nyob koom pawg thaaj-yeeb hab kev thov hloov num-tswv. 2. Muaj cai muaj rag-phom (tabsis yuav tsum tau ua raws le tej kev lig kev cai). 3. Tsoomfwv tsi muaj cai xaa tub-rog moog nrug tuab-neeg nyob rua huv puab tej vaajtse thaum lub caij thaaj-yeeb nyaab-xeeb yaam tsi tau kev tso cai lug ntawm cov tuab-neeg. 4. Tsoomfwv tsi muaj cai moog tshawb, los yog muab ib tug tuab-neeg tej teej-tug yaam tsi tau ntawv tso-cai 5. Tsi muaj cai ntshav txim ob (2) zag rua ib tug tuabneeg rua ib yam kev txhum kws nwg ua, hab nwg tsi taag lug has kev tawm-tsaam rua nwg tug kheej. 6. Ib tug tuabneeg raug txim tseem muaj qee yaam cai xws li: muaj cai moog has huv rooj tu-ntug, hab muaj cai nrhav kws has plaub paab nwg 7. Muaj cai rua kev tshawb-nrhav lub txim lug ntawm cov txwj-laug neeg thaum moog has huv lub rooj tu-ntug. 8. Tiv-thaiv tuabneeg rua tej yaam dlhau cai los yog tsi tsim-nyog nplua los yog kev tsau-txim phem. 9. Dlhau le cov cai tau has lug huv tsaab cai luj (Constitution), tuabneeg tseem muaj lwm yaam kev yog (cai) 10. Cov cai kws tsi muab lub fwj-chim rua tsoom-fwv kaav tebchaws lug ntawm tsaab cai luj (Constitution: Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm) yog ib lub fwj-chim rua lub xeev los yog tsoom peejxeem.
<p>76. Who has the power to declare the war? The Congress</p>	<p>76. Leejtwg muaj cai txav-txim rua kev ua tsuv-rog tau? Pawg sau cai (Congress).</p>
<p>77. What kind of government does the United States have? Republican</p>	<p>77. Tebchaws Asmesliskas nuav muaj yaam kev tswjfwv dlaabtsi? Republican (Yaam kev tswjfwv kws pejxeem muaj cai xaiv num-tswv)</p>
<p>78. Which President freed the slaves? Abraham Lincoln</p>	<p>78. Tug thawj tsaav-xwm twg yog tug kws tso cov tuab-neeg ua sev-qhev? Abraham Lincoln (As-blas-haas Leeb-kees)</p>
<p>79. What are the 13 original states of the U.S. called? Colonies</p>	<p>79. Thawj thawj 13 lub xeev ntawm tebchaws Asmesliskas hu le caag? Colonies (Khos-los-nis)</p>
<p>80. In what year was the Constitution written?</p>	<p>80. Tsaab cai luj (Constitution: Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm)</p>

1787	sau rua lub xyoo twg? 1787
81. What are the first 10 amendments to the Constitution called? The Bill of Rights	81. Thawj 10 nqai cai huv tsaab cai luj (Constitution : Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm) hu le caag? Bill Of Rights
82. Name one purpose of the United Nations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For countries to discuss and try to resolve world problems To provide economic aid to many countries 	82. Qha ib lub homphaj ntawm lub koomhum Koom Haiv. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rua cov tebchaws lug sibthaam hab nrhav kev dlaws nplaj-teb tej teebmeem. Muab kev paab rua kev ua-noj ua-haus rua ntau ntau lub tebchaws
83. Where does Congress meet? In the Capitol in Washington, D.C.	83. Cov sau cai sib ntsib rua hov twg? Huv lub tsev Capitol (Khab-phib-thuam) nyob huv Washington (Vuav-sees-taas), D.C.
84. Whose rights are guaranteed by the Constitution and the Bill of Rights? Everyone (citizens and non-citizens) living in U.S.	84. Leej twg cov kev yog kws tau kom tseg lug ntawm tsaab Cai Luj (Constitution: Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm) hab thawj thawj 10 nqai cai (Bill Of Rights)? Txhua leej txhua tug tuabneeg (pejxeem Asmesliskas hab cov tsi yog pejxeem Asmesliskas) kws nyob huv tebchaws Asmesliskas
85. What is the introduction to the Constitution called? The Preamble	85. Thawj cov nqai lug qha nyob huv tsaab Cai Luj (Constitution : Khaas-xib-thib-thub-swm) hu le caag? Preamble (Phlis-eeb-npuam)
86. Name one benefit of being citizen of the United States. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Obtain federal jobs Petition for close relatives to come to the U.S. to live Travel with U.S. passport 	86. Qha ib yaam zoo kws tuab-neeg tau txais lug ntawm kev ua pejxeem Asmesliskas. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Muaj cai ua dlejum rua tsoomfwv. Muaj cai ua ntaub ntawv tog txais tej txheeb ze tuaj nyob tebchaws Asmesliskas Muaj cai ua ntawv hlaa cam-teb (passport: phav-xawm-phuaj) moog txawv tebchaws
87. What is the most important right granted to U.S. citizens? The right to vote	87. Txuj cai tseem ceeb tshaaj plawg kws tau muab rua cov pejxeem Asmesliskas yog dlaabtsi? Txuj cai pov ntawv
88. What is the United States Capitol? The place where Congress meets	88. Lub tsev Capitol (khab-phib-thuam) ntawm tebchaws Asmesliskas yog dlaabtsi? Yog qhov chaw rua cov sau cai (Congress) sib ntsib.
89. What is the White House? The President's official home	89. Lub tsev dlawb yog dlaabtsi? Yog tug thawj tsaav-xwm lub tsev nyob ua dlejum.
90. What is the name of the President's official home? The White House	90. Lub npe tsev rua tug Thawj tsaav-xwm nyob ua dlejum hu le caag? Lub tsev Dlawb (The White House: Ntawm Vaiv Hauj)
91. Where is the White House located? 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.	91. Lub tsev dlawb chaw nyob yog le caag? 1600 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. in Washington, DC.
92. Name one right guaranteed by the first amendment. Freedom of: speech, press, religion, peaceable assembly, and requesting change of the government	92. Qha ib qho kev yog kws tau kom tseg lug ntawm thawj nqai cai. Ywj-sab lug ntawm: kev has lug, kev xuv-xwm, kev ntseeg - kev cai dlaab qhuas, kev nyob koom pawg thaaj-yeeb, hab kev thov hloov num-tswv
93. Who is the Commander in Chief of the U.S. military? The President	93. Leej twg yog tug tuam-thawj-coj rua tsoom tub-rog ntawm tebchaws Asmesliskas ? Tug thawj Tsaav-xwm
94. Which President was the first Commander in Chief of the U.S. military? George Washington	94. Tug thawj Tsaav-xwm twg yog thawj thawj tug tuam-thawj coj tub-rog rua tebchaws Asmesliskas? George Washington (Ntsuaj Vuav-sees-taas)
95. In what month do we vote for the President? November	95. Lub hlis twg peb pov ntawv xaiv tug thawj Tsaav-xwm? Lub 11 hlis ntuj

96. In what month is the new President inaugurated? January	96. Tug thawj Tsaav-xwm tshab ua kev cai lug txais dlejnum nyob rua lub hlis twg? Lub ib hlis ntuj
97. How many times may a Senator be reelected? There is no limit	97. Ib tug sawv-cev pejxeem theem sab (Senator) pub sib tw xaiv-tsaas pes tsawg zag? Xaiv pes tsawg zag los tau
98. How many times may a Congressman be reelected? There is no limit	98. Ib tug sawv-cev pejxeem theem qeg (Congressman) pub sib tw xaiv-tsaas pes tsawg zag? Xaiv pes tsawg zag los tau
99. What are the 2 major political parties in the U.S. today? Democratic and Republican	99. Ob pawg dlha kaam tebchaws luj nyob huv tebchaws Asmesliskas naj nub nuav yog ob pawg twg? Pawg Democratic hab Pawg Republican
100. How many States are there in the United States today? Fifty (50)	100. Muaj pes tsawg lub xeev nyob huv tebchaws Asmesliskas naj nub nuav? 50

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Translated by: Chimeng Yang – a school administrator in California (chimeng_yaaj@yahoo.com)

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